

Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name **MICROGRANULAR BLEACHING POWDER**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use **Not available**

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name **G.V.F. – GIEVIEFFE S.P.A.**
Full address **Via Giovanni Falcone, 8**
District and Country **20080 Vernate (MI) - Italia**
Italia
tel. 02 90093743
fax 02 90093740

e-mail address of the competent person **lisanna.loiacono@itelyhairfashion.it**

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to

In case of emergency contact toxicological information, emergency tel 112 (within Europe). For other countries, use the built-in emergency number in your cell phone. These telephone numbers are available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Oxidising solid, category 3	H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin corrosion, category 1B	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Respiratory sensitization, category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P220	Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P264	Wash . . . thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves / clothing and eye / face protection.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P304+P340	IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

Contains:

DISODIUM METASILICATE
DIPOTASSIUM PEROXODISULPHATE
SODIUM PERSULFATE
AMMONIUM PEROXYDISULPHATE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
Dipotassium peroxodisulphate CAS 7727-21-1 EC 231-781-8 INDEX 016-061-00-1 Reg. no. 01-2119495676-19-0000	25 ≤ x < 50	Ox. Sol. 3 H272, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317
DISODIUM METASILICATE CAS 6834-92-0 EC 229-912-9 INDEX 014-010-00-8 Reg. no. 01-2119449811-37-xxxx	10 ≤ x < 25	Met. Corr. 1 H290, Skin Corr. 1B H314, STOT SE 3 H335
AMMONIUM PEROXYDISULPHATE CAS 7727-54-0 EC 231-786-5 INDEX 016-060-00-6 Reg. no. 01-2119495973-19-0000	10 ≤ x < 25	Ox. Sol. 3 H272, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317
SODIUM PERSULFATE CAS 7775-27-1 EC 231-892-1 INDEX - Reg. no. 01-2119495975-15-0000	5 ≤ x < 10	Ox. Sol. 3 H272, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a

doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide and chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water.

Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If large quantities of the product are involved in a fire, they can make it considerably worse. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of fire, use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent the risk of explosions (product decomposition and excess pressure) and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Remove all containers containing the product from the fire, if it is safe to do so.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If there are no contraindications, spray powder with water to prevent the formation of dust.
Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product and place it in containers for recovery or disposal. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues.
Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Store in cool (below 30 °C) and dry areas. Avoid contamination and avoid the presence of reducing agents like lotions and permanent waves. Discard any unused mixture with developer or bleaching lotions, since the container may break. AVOID humid organic material as paper towel, wood, clothes,

etc. which could induce spontaneous combustion. Protect from heat and sunlight; store in places far from rain and humidity; never store outdoors. Store separately from other dangerous and incompatible substances.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ESP	España	INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2016

Dipotassium peroxodisulphate

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,0763	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,011	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,275	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,0396	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,763	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	3,6	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,015	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		30 mg/kg bw/d		9,1 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	295 mg/m3	295 mg/m3	1,03 mg/m3	1,03 mg/m3		590 mg/m3	2,06 mg/m3	2,06 mg/m3
Skin	1,124 mg/cm2	200 mg/kg bw/d	0,051 mg/cm2	9,1 mg/kg bw/d	2,248 mg/cm2	400 mg/kg bw/d	0,102 mg/cm2	18.2 mg/kg bw/d

DISODIUM METASILICATE

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				0,74 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				1,55 mg/m3		6,22		6,22 mg/m3
Skin				0,74 mg/kg bw/d				1,49 mg/kg bw/d

AMMONIUM PEROXYDISULPHATE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
VLA	ESP	0,1			
TLV-ACGIH		0,1			

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,0763	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,011	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,275	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,0396	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,763	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	3,6	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,015	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		30 mg/kg bw/d		9,1 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	295 mg/m3	295 mg/m3	1,03 mg/m3	1,03 mg/m3		590 mg/m3	2,06 mg/m3	2,06 mg/m3
Skin	1,124 mg/cm2	200 mg/kg bw/d	0,051 mg/cm2	9,1 mg/kg bw/d	2,248 mg/cm2	400 mg/kg bw/d	0,102 mg/cm2	18,2 mg/kg bw/d

SODIUM PERSULFATE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3
VLA	ESP	0,1		
TLV-ACGIH		0,1		

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,0763	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	11	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,275	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,396	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,763	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	3,6	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	0,015	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		30 mg/kg bw/d		9,1 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	295 mg/m3	295 mg/m3	1,03 mg/m3	1,03 mg/m3		590 mg/m3	2,06 mg/m3	2,06 mg/m3
Skin	1,124 mg/cm2	200 mg/kg bw/d	0,051 mg/cm2	9,1 mg/kg bw/d	2,848 mg/cm2	400 mg/kg bw/d	0,102 mg/cm2	18,2 mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

During the risk assessment process, it is essential to take into consideration the ACGIH occupational exposure levels for inert particulate not otherwise classified (PNOC respirable fraction: 3 mg/m3; PNOC inhalable fraction: 10 mg/m3). For values above these limits, use a P type filter, whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the outcome of risk assessment.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (see standard EN 374).
Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use a type P filtering facemask, whose class (1, 2 or 3) and effective need, must be defined according to the outcome of risk assessment (see standard EN 149).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	powder
Colour	blue
Odour	characteristic
Odour threshold	Not available
pH	9,6 – 10,6
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range	Not available
Flash point	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Lower inflammability limit	Not available
Upper inflammability limit	Not available
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	Not available
Solubility	Not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available

9.2. Other information

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

DISODIUM METASILICATE

The aqueous solutions act as: strong bases.

SODIUM PERSULFATE

Decomposes at temperatures above 145°C/293°F.

With water it reduces to bisulphate with the development of oxygen.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The powders are potentially explosive when mixed with air.

DISODIUM METASILICATE

May react dangerously with: fluorine, lithium.

SODIUM PERSULFATE

Reacts violently with: combustible substances, reducing substances. Fire hazard. Possibility of explosion.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid environmental dust build-up.

10.5. Incompatible materials

DISODIUM METASILICATE

The aqueous solution is incompatible with: acids, organic anhydrides, acrilates, alcohols, aldehydes, alkyl oxides, cresols, caprolactam, epichlorohydrin, ethylene dichloride, glycols, isocyanates, ketones, nitrates, phenols, vinyl acetate.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SODIUM PERSULFATE

May develop: sulphur oxides, oxygen.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available | Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available | Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available | Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available | Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:

1048 mg/kg

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

SODIUM PERSULFATE

895 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Oral)

> 10000 mg/kg Coniglio

LD50 (Dermal)

5,1 mg/l/4h Rat

LC50 (Inhalation)

Dipotassium peroxodisulphate

1130 mg/kg (ratto)

LD50 (Oral)

> 10000 mg/kg (coniglio)

LD50 (Dermal)

> 42,9 mg/l (ratto)

LC50 (Inhalation)

DISODIUM METASILICATE



ARTIZTA BLOND POWER

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1152 mg/kg bw (Ratto)
LD50 (Oral)
> 5000 mg/kg bw (Ratto)
LD50 (Dermal)
> 2,06 g/m³ (Ratto)
LC50 (Inhalation)

AMMONIUM PEROXYDISULPHATE

272 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Oral)
> 2000 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)
> 5,1 mg/l/4h Rat
LC50 (Inhalation)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin Sensitising for the skin
Sensitising for the respiratory system Sensitising for the respiratory system

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

SODIUM PERSULFATE

LC50 - for Fish	163 mg/l/96h <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> (Trota iridea)
EC50 - for Crustacea	133 mg/l/48h <i>Daphnia magna</i>
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	116 mg/l/72h Metodo: OECD TG 201

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 36 mg/l/18h
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants < 171 mg/l *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (alge cloroficee)

Dipotassium peroxodisulphate LC50 - for Fish 107,6 mg/l/96h *Scophthalmus maximus*

EC50 - for Crustacea 120 mg/l/48h (daphnia)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 320 mg/l/72h *Phaeodactylum*

DISODIUM METASILICATE

LC50 - for Fish 1108 mg/l/96h (*Brachydanio rerio*)

EC50 - for Crustacea 1700 mg/l/48h (*Daphnia magna*)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 207 mg/l/72h (*Schenedesmus subspicatus*)

AMMONIUM PEROXYDISULPHATE

LC50 - for Fish 107,6 mg/l/96h *Scophthalmus maximus*

EC50 - for Crustacea 120 mg/l/48h (*Daphnia magna*)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 320 mg/l/72h *Phaeodactylum*

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 36 mg/l/72h *Pseudomonas putida*

12.2. Persistence and degradability

SODIUM PERSULFATE

Solubility in water 730 g/l

Biodegradability: Information not available

Dipotassium peroxodisulphate
Rapidly biodegradable

DISODIUM METASILICATE

Solubility in water 210000 mg/l

Biodegradability: Information not available

AMMONIUM PEROXYDISULPHATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Biodegradability: Information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

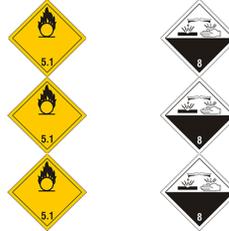
ADR / RID, IMDG, 3085
IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: OXIDIZING
SOLID,
CORROSIVE,
N.O.S.
IMDG: OXIDIZING
SOLID,
CORROSIVE,
N.O.S.
IATA: OXIDIZING
SOLID,
CORROSIVE,
N.O.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 5.1	Label: 5.1 (8)
IMDG:	Class: 5.1	Label: 5.1 (8)
IATA:	Class: 5.1	Label: 5.1 (8)



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 58	Limited Quantities: 5 kg	Tunnel restriction code: (E)
	Special Provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-A, S-Q	Limited Quantities: 5 kg	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 100 Kg	Packaging instructions: 563
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 25 Kg	Packaging instructions: 559
	Special Instructions:	A3	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: P8

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Contained substance

Point	65	AMMONIUM PEROXYDISULPHA TE Reg. no.: 01- 2119495973-19-0000
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Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Ox. Sol. 3	Oxidising solid, category 3
Met. Corr. 1	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Resp. Sens. 1	Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.